

## "THREE WEEKS" BY WOMAN FROM BOURBON

APPLICATION OF FAMOUS STORY IS MADE AT SOUTH BEND BY MRS. JOHN SULLIVAN

## GIRL ADMITS CRIME

In City Court Claims that Husband's Brother Enticed Her from Home in Bourbon.

A real application of Elenore Glyn's famous, or rather infamous "three weeks" was made in the city court of South Bend Thursday, in which Mrs. John Sullivan of Bourbon, played the leading role. The 20 year old wife, told of living with Schuyler Sullivan, her husband's brother, for a period of twenty-one days. Concerning the affair, the South Bend Tribune says.

"Allowing her husband to hold her one-year-old child in his arms, Mrs. John Sullivan, the girl wife, pleaded guilty in the court of living in adultery with Schuyler Sullivan, 42-year-old brother of her husband. The elder Sullivan denied the adultery charge and asked for an attorney. Fred C. Gabriel, county attorney for the poor, will represent the interests of the defendants in the city court to-morrow, when the cases will be called for trial. Both defendants were held in jail on bond.

Schuyler Sullivan and his brother's wife were arrested in the Tremont hotel, North Michigan street, Wednesday night, by John F. Hermingle, marshal of North Judson, Ind., and uncle of the woman in the case. The marshal filed charges against the couple before the court and offered preliminary testimony in the case. John Sullivan, the deserted husband, who is 25 years of age, stated he would make an effort to prosecute his brother in courts at Bourbon, Ind., for enticing his 20-year-old wife.

Information given local police authorities of the case is of the most unusual nature, owing to the relationship of the parties concerned. The wife disappeared from her home in Bourbon, it is claimed, Dec. 22, taking with her the one-year-old baby. The elder brother, authorities stated, disappeared about the same time but the husband's efforts to locate either of his relatives were unsuccessful. Nothing was learned as to the whereabouts of the brother, wife and child, until the husband was informed by the North Judson marshal the two were living together in South Bend. As the officer is an uncle of the woman, his interest in the case resulted in the arrests last night.

The apprehension of the pair in the local hotel revealed the elder brother with the woman and her child were living in a suite of two rooms with two sons of the man, the police report. The older of Sullivan's heirs, who were both born of a former wife, is 19 years of age, a year younger than the woman, whom the husband is claimed to have represented as his wife.

Mrs. Sullivan in a confession of the affair to the authorities declared they had fared badly since their residence in South Bend, her alleged paramour being compelled to solicit alms from the county authorities a week ago. The woman declared the elder brother had enticed her from the home of her husband.

## EPILEPTIC VILLAGE HAS 115 INMATES

The average population of the Indiana Village for Epileptics for the year ending Sept. 30, 1910, was 115, according to the report of the superintendent. There are applications on file for the admission of 212 epileptics now confined in poor asylums and county jails. Outside of institutions there are applications on file for the admission of 266 males and 127 females. On Sept. 30 there were 160 males and 139 female epileptics confined in the state hospitals for the insane, and 105 males and 159 female epileptics confined in the State School for Feeble-Minded Youth. As a general appropriation the institution asks \$30,175 and \$200 for each patient over 116 for the year ending Sept. 30, 1912, and \$52,500 and \$250 for each patient over 210 for the year ending Sept. 30, 1913. Specific appropriations amount to \$16,200.

For LaGrange Coughs and Stuffy Colds

Take Foley's Honey and Tar. It gives quick relief and expels the cold from your system. It contains no opiates, is safe and sure.

## Obituary.

Mrs. Henry Heim

Mrs. Rachel Poor Heim was born near Maxinkuckee, this county, Nov. 18, 1858. She was married to Henry Heim May 15, 1878, and lived northeast of town until about eight years ago, when she with her family, moved to LaPorte.

She resided there until her death. She was the mother of five children two of whom died in infancy. Those that are living are—Mrs. Lillie Teverson, Harry, and Chester Heim, all of LaPorte. Besides her husband and children she leaves an aged mother, Mrs. Sarah Poor, now in her 96th year; six brothers, William, Henry, Enieh, and Daniel of this city; Harvey of Anderson and Ephraim, of Culver. She leaves also two sisters, Mrs. Sarah Schroder, of this county, and Mrs. Nancy Stevenson, of Gary, Ind., and one grandson, Ralph Teverson of LaPorte.

Until her removal from this county she was a member of the Walnut Grove Methodist Protestant church, northeast of town, having joined that church in the winter of 1877.

Her health had been failing for over a year. She died Jan. 9, 1911, at the age of 52 years, 1 month, and 22 days. The funeral service was held in the U. B. church and was conducted by Rev. S. H. Yager, assisted by Rev. W. W. Lineberry, who received the deceased into the church and performed the marriage ceremony for her.

She was buried in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Among those who attended the funeral from out of town, aside from the immediate family, were, Jacob Heim, of Hartford City, Mrs. David Slough of South Bend, Henry, Lottie and George Teveson, of LaPorte, Mrs. H. E. Hawkins of Bremen, and Ephraim Poor of Culver.

Mrs. O. E. McDowell (Kokomo Tribune)

Mrs. Delta Stocker-McDowell, wife of Prof. O. E. McDowell, of Plymouth, died at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Stocker, 921 North Courtland avenue, Tuesday evening, Mrs. McDowell was thirty-one years of age. Death resulted from tuberculosis.

The funeral was held from Grace Methodist church at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The Rev. John C. White, pastor, will be in charge, assisted by the Rev. J. H. Lacey of Rochester, pastor of Mrs. McDowell's church when she lived in Plymouth. Burial will follow in Crown Point cemetery.

Mrs. McDowell was a resident of Plymouth, where her husband for the last three years has been principal of the High school. The malady that resulted in her death became apparent nearly a year ago, and all that could be done was done, but the disease slowly gained, until, several months ago, it was known that she could not survive. She came to this city to be among her relatives and with her parents when the final hour came.

Mrs. McDowell was born in Noble Co., and was brought to this city when but three years of age. It was here she was reared, attending the public school, and graduating from the Kokomo High school. She was a member here of Grange Methodist church and of the Epworth league, and was an active worker in its cause for good. She belonged also to the Ben Hur lodge.

She was for more than a year employed in the business office of this paper, and is remembered tenderly by those with whom she worked.

She was married in 1903. Her husband was the son of the Rev. D. A. McDowell of Bunker Hill, a man well known in this and Miami counties. Prof. McDowell was then principal of the schools of Veederburg, and the young couple lived there for several years. Later they moved to Plymouth, and while there Mrs. McDowell withdrew her membership from the Methodist church and placed it in the Christian, to which her husband belonged.

She is survived by her husband and two children. The children are Dorothea, aged 4½ years, and Marjorie, who is nearly 3. Both of her parents survive, and one sister and one brother. The sister is Mrs. Nellie Keeling of Hudson, Ind., and the brother is Arthur of Medford, Oregon. The sister has been at the bedside for several weeks. It is not probable that the brother will try to return, as he could not reach here in time for the funeral.

Mrs. McDowell was of singularly sweet and gentle nature, and her friendships were many and deep. Her life was one of brave and spotless endeavor, and her passing was in peace and content. May she rest well.

Mrs. Solomon Zehner.

Nancy Jane Plake was born March 30, 1843, near Connersville, in Rush County, Indiana. When she was five years old her family moved to Marshall County, and settled near the site of Argos, where she lived until her marriage with Robert McDonald on Nov. 28, 1860. Seven children were born of this union—Ella, Arthur and Lulu preceded her to the grave, leaving Alice, Eliza, Samuel and John to mourn the death of a loving mother.

Her first husband died on July 26, 1876, at which time the family lived west of the Brownlee Bridge, in Plymouth.

On May 17, 1877, she was married

to William A. Tiehenor, to which union two children were born—Cora and Otto. Cora died when aged sixteen years, and Otto at the age of four years. She lived with Mr. Tiehenor until he died on Nov. 17, 1893, of a complication of diseases.

On August 14, 1899 she was married to Solomon Zehner, and came to Plymouth to live, finally occupying the house on North Michigan street, where Mr. Zehner died on Dec. 6, 1907, and where she died on Jan. 8, 1911, at the age of 67 years, 9 months, and 9 days.

She had been sick for some months, and during the time was tenderly cared for by her children, the youngest son, John, having made his home with her for some years. She leaves besides the children named three sisters—Mrs. Jonas Miller of Los Angeles, Cal., Mrs. Pulaski Wickizer of Culver, and Mrs. Abashia Holloway of Oklahoma, and three brothers—George, John and Miles Plake all of whom reside in Indiana.

Sister Zehner was baptized many years ago, and united with the Church of God at old Antioch, and has ever kept her name with the organization at that place. Possessed of some remarkable traits of character, she died as she had lived a faithful member of the community—a good woman devoted to the welfare of her children and those about her.

## Mistake in Ad.

A curious mistake was made in the advertisement of the real estate firm of Bollman, Garn & Yockey last week. The "copy" read that the firm had

"turned several thousand acres since starting in business" and the compositor set it thus: "Have turned several thousand acres since Saturday," which would be going some indeed. The mistake was not noticed in the proof reading and went to the weekly subscribers. We want to correct the ad because Messrs. Bollman, Garn & Yockey do not wish to represent themselves as "four flushers" trying to make out that they are doing an almost impossible business. They are all straight-forward business men thoroughly equipped by information and otherwise to handle real estate and what they wished to put before the public was the fact that they had been doing quietly, steadily and surely a very wide and growing business. We trust that no erroneous impressions have got into the minds of any of our readers on account of the mistake.

## WEST UNION.

Mr. and Mrs. Holdreder are suffering from Lagrippe.

Mrs. Edward Dills who has been ill is some what improved.

Ephraim Sherrel has been quite ill but is better at this writing.

Homer Clark has been sick and has been absent from school for two weeks.

Miss Cole, of Wisconsin visited several days with her uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. George Cole.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Counts took dinner Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Counts.

Mr. and Mrs. Seltenright from DeLong were the guests over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ferguson.

Mrs. Edna Bolinger of Donaldson and the Misses Blanche and Edna Ruff visited Sunday with the former's aunts Mary and Libbie Bolinger.

When buying a cough medicine for children bear in mind that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is most effectual for colds, croup and whooping cough and that it contains no harmful drug. For sale by All Dealers.

## JOINT T. P. S. S. CONVENTION

WALNUT AND GREEN TOWNSHIPS HOLD ANNUAL MEETING AT ARGOS THURSDAY ATTENDED BY PLYMOUTH PEOPLE.

The annual Sunday School convention, of Walnut and Green townships was held at the Methodist church in Argos, Thursday, and was attended by a number of Plymouth people who took part in the program. Following is the program, as carried out:

Program.  
1:30 Devotional.  
1:45 Announcements and appointment of Committees.  
2:00 "Training for Service"—Miss Julia Yockey.  
2:30 The Organized Adult Class"—Mr. Ralph Leonard.  
2:55 Prayer.  
3:05 Election of Officers.  
3:15 "Good" or "Better"? Conference led by O. S. Ellis.  
Evening Session  
7:30 Song and Prayer.  
7:50 Offering for Township Work.  
8:00 Address "The Work Worth While"—Rev. Geo. A. Pfug Plymouth.  
The Marshall county Sunday School convention will be held in Plymouth, on Thursday and Friday, February 16th, and 17th.

## SOIL FERTILITY IS TREATED IN REPORT

CROPS OF THE NATION ARE DISCUSSED BY BUREAU HEAD AT GREAT LENGTH

## THE PUBLIC IS MISLED

Immigration Plays an Important Part in Statistics Regarding the Cultivation in the United States

Washington, Jan. 13.—Frequent assertions that the fertility of the soil is washing into the streams and that the productivity of cultivated land is diminishing, are misleading the public into the belief that the agriculture of this country is decadent, and that there is life in the old formula that population must tend to increase at a greater rate than subsistence. So states the chief of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture, in his annual report for 1910 at the beginning of a discussion of the ability of agriculture to maintain population of this country.

The situation cannot be understood he says until it is examined historically. This is a country in which millions of acres of fresh land have been coming into production faster than the domestic consumption has required, and at times beyond the talkings of foreign countries. As eminent a man as Francis A. Walker expressed the belief that, under such circumstances, farmers on the fresher soil were economically justified in robbing the land.

## All Soil Phases Found.

All the historical phases of agriculture now exist in this country say the demapment experts. First, the "soil robber"; next, the diminishing production on an acre of "inexhaustible land," which surprises the farmer, next, the agricultural scientist, who points the way to a better agriculture and larger production on an acre, with poor responses from the farmers.

In the course of time, especially when the next and perhaps the third generation takes the farm, important advances are made, at first irregularly and mostly on farms of the leading class, and subsequently with increasing diffusion and accelerated speed.

For many years there have been fresh lands with rather high but stationary production, older lands with declining production, old lands beginning to improve and some lands well advanced in improvement. As the proportions of these classes of lands have varied in relation to the entire cultivated area of each crop, the national average production an acre has varied.

## Many Crops Show Gain.

The weather and other crop conditions of the four years, 1906-1909, were not as favorable for crop production as they were in the preceding ten years, so that the production of oats an acre declined, that of hay remained stationary, and that of cotton and barley barely increased. In the case of other crops the mean production an acre continued to show large increases, the mean of these four years over that of the preceding ten years being an increase of 7.1 per cent for corn, 9.8 per cent for wheat, 6.5 per cent for rye, 6.6 per cent for buckwheat, 15.5 per cent for potatoes, and 9.7 per cent for tobacco.

Corn production an acre increased from 1880-1895 to 1896-1905 at a rate which quite or very nearly, equaled the actual increase of population in ten states. The list of wheat contains 22 states distributed in all parts of the United States. In the list for oats are 16 states; for barley, 15 states; for rye, 21 states; for buckwheat, 13 states; for cotton, only one state, Oklahoma, containing new land; for tobacco, only Wisconsin; for potatoes, 15 states, all in the potato belt, and for hay, 25 states. The average for the four years following 1905 is not based on a number of years large enough for comparison.

## Immigration Has Bearing

There is a prevalent misunderstanding with regard to the nature of the increase of population in this country says the department. It seems to be assumed that the net immigration is to continue indefinitely at the rate of one-half or three-fourths of a million people annually. How quickly immigration can be reduced was shown by the industrial depression of 1908. No one who would take a far sight into the future would reckon upon an indefinite continuance of a considerable immigration.

A prevalent oversight in a consideration of this subject concerns the

birth rate. The census of 1900 points to the conclusion that the birth rate of this country, after eliminating the influence of the foreign born is about 1½ per cent a year, or 12 per cent for a decade.

A comparison of production an acre with the normal increase of population that is to say, with the increase unaffected by immigration and the high birth rate of the immigrants, is the form of the problem as it will present itself more and more closely as the years elapse.

From 1880-1895 to 1896-1905 the mean production an acre of wheat increased in a greater degree than the normal increase of population in 28 states. Two other states are very near inclusion.

## Gain Figures Point Lesson.

In the case of corn production, increased production an acre has exceeded the normal increase of population in 14 states and very nearly the required increased production was made by five other states.

A long list of states gained in production of oats an acre in a greater degree than the normal increase in population. They are found in New England and along the Atlantic coast to Georgia; in important states of the Ohio valley, north and south; in the mountain states and in Washington.

With regard to barley, 21 states are found in a similar list; for rye the list of states number 30, buckwheat 19, and three other states are near the requirement for admission to the list. Wisconsin is the only state that has produced tobacco with an increase during the time under consideration, which is larger than the normal increase of population, but the increase of tobacco production an acre is very nearly equal to this population increase in the case of five other states. Increase of cotton production an acre above the normal increase of population is found in three states, with a supplementary list of four states almost to enter the list.

The list of states that produces potatoes with an increase an acre above the normal increase of population contains many of the states in the potato belt, and the number is 24, with four states almost eligible for admission.

## MAY DOUBLE CORN CROP.

Three Ways Are Suggested for Increasing the Present Average Production Per Acre.

It is only a question of a few years before it will be possible to double the present average production of corn to the acre in the United States in the belief of C. P. Hartley, physiologist in charge of corn investigations of the government bureau of plant industry. This may be accomplished without increasing the work or expense, says Mr. Hartley.

Mr. Hartley suggests three ways by which farmers would be able practically to double the present production of an acre. These are improvement in the quality of the seed planted, improvement in the condition of the soil and improvement in the methods of cultivation.

Mr. Hartley says that it should not be understood from this statement that it is desirable to double the present corn crop, but that it is desirable to produce the same yield on a small number of acres and with less labor.

The experts say that the average crop in the state best adapted to corn growing is only little above the general average of the entire country. This, he says, clearly indicates the possibility of greatly increasing the yield of an acre in the corn belt. This is especially easy of accomplishment in the southern states, where the present production of an acre is low and where the growing season is not shortened by frosts.

## Ends Winter's Troubles.

To many, winter is a season of trouble. The frost-bitten toes and fingers, chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold-sores, red and rough skins, prove this. But such troubles fly before Bucklen's Arnica Salve. A trial convinces. Greatest healer of Burns, Boils, Piles, Cuts, Sores, Bruises, Eczema and Sprains. Only 25c at Fred Wenzler's.

## LAKEVILLE PEAT FACTORY IS PROMISING INDUSTRY

Messrs. William Gast and George Bollinger, of the H. A. Armstrong tin shop of this city, went to Lakeville Tuesday where they will be temporarily employed in installing hot air pipes in the new peat factory in that town. The new industry has large buildings erected, and gives promise of becoming a strong institution.

## TIPPECANOE.

Mrs. Frank Rush is ill. Measles are still a prevailing ailment.

Teachers' Institute was held at Tippecanoe Saturday. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Koehel Wednesday Jan. 11, a daughter.

Misses Ethel Sanmer and Florence Geiger spent Sunday with Miss Jennie Harmon.

Mrs. Manda Tharp and Orpha Harty took dinner with Ruth Harley at Argos Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Harmon and grandson Paul took dinner with their

## URGE RAISING OF FRUIT CROPS

MANY REASONS ADVANCED BY AGRICULTURALIST SHOWING WHY INDIANA SHOULD BECOME LEADING STATE IN PRODUCTION.

Lafayette, Ind., Jan. 17.—Indiana corn growers occupied the center of the stage at the third day's session of the farmers' short course at Purdue university today, holding the annual convention of their state association and coming in such numbers as greatly to increase the total enrollment at the short course. It was estimated that the enrollment would pass the 1,400 mark, which the new record.

The scene that is presented in every class room is interesting. Horny handed tillers of the soil, many stooped and gray, sit at desks alongside their faithful wives. With them are their sons and daughters, some mere children, others young men and women, all bent on the same purpose—the gleanings of practical information and education in the field of modern and scientific farming.

## State Convention of Corn Growers.

With President J. P. Prigg of Daleville, in the chair the annual convention of the Indiana Corn Growers' association opened in Fowler hall. The attendance was the largest in the history of the organization. In connection with the convention the sixth annual state corn show was held and the exhibits numbered over three hundred, coming from many different counties. In addition to the state corn show there was an exhibit of small grains for the Indiana Grain Dealers' association trophy and other prizes. There were more than 100 entries, this being a new feature of the corn growers' annual exhibitions. The convention opened with addresses of welcome by President Winthrop E. Stone of Purdue university and Dean John H. Skinner of the college of agriculture. Secretary George L. Christie of Lafayette read the minutes and President Prigg made his annual address, telling of the achievements of the association in the last year, its growth and its plans for the future. The first lecture of the convention was by Joseph E. Wing of Meekinsburg, Ohio, his subject being "Alfalfa Culture." He enlightened the farmers on the growing of this crop.

## Speaks for the Orchard.

"The orchard yields bigger returns an acre than any other farm crop," declared Professor C. G. Woodbury, today, in discussing the advisability of engaging in horticulture in Indiana. He said the orchard was a branch of farming worth taking up and that if it is properly cared for it will make the farmer rich. Professor James Troop, head of the horticultural department of Purdue, said that there were many reasons why Indiana should become one of the leading fruit producing states of the union. He said it was a sad commentary on the wisdom of Indiana farmers that they permitted a million bushels of apples to be imported into the state last year and asserted that this was due to nothing but ignorance. Indiana has great advantages for fruit production in the way of climate and soil. The soil is suitable for almost any kind of fruit growing when properly handled, and the climate, although somewhat erratic, is not so much so as to prevent the cultivation of any best flavor. The more choice fruit of the hardy varieties of fruit. Then Indiana, too, is near many of the advantage over the Pacific coast states. The prospects for fruit growing in Indiana, he said, are brighter now than they have ever been before. With an increased population will come a steadily increasing demand for fine fruit, providing the growers are wise enough to produce the highest type of fruit.

## Public Sales

Smith and Richard will have a public sale on Tuesday Jan. 31 at the place known as the old Soice farm, 3 miles southwest of Plymouth. Steiner and Williams will auctioneer.

It's a little early to be making a garden, but now is a good time to plant your order for Seeds and Fertilizers with Forbes w19-26.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts on burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

## BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're ill or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of water, physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, safest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripes, 10, 25 and 50 cents per box. Write on 3 cent stamp, and send for health. Address: C. A. M. Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Keep Your Blood Clean

## GRUBE'S BILL HAS BEARING ON SITUATION

WANTS STATUTE REQUIRING COUNTY AUDITOR TO VOTE IN SELECTION OF COUNTY Supt.

## TIE IN MARSHALL CO.

Of Ten Trustees Five Are Democrats and Five Republican—Election Comes at June Meeting

Harry E. Grube of Plymouth, joint senator from Marshall and Kosciusko counties, has introduced a bill in the senate, which will bear upon the local situation, as regards the election of a county superintendent.

The measure, which is Senate Bill number 16, is to require county auditors to vote in election of county superintendents of schools, when trustees are unable to agree.

It is well known that the ten township trustees of Marshall county, are evenly divided as to politics, and the selection of a superintendent must be made at the June meeting of the trustees. The present incumbent of the office, Louis E. Steinebach, a republican, is a candidate for re-election. There has been no question as to the efficiency of Supt. Steinebach. Two Democrats candidates for the office are Prof. Rizer of the Bourbon schools, and H. M. Tebey of the Inwood schools.

## Other Bills by Locals

Senator Grube has also introduced a bill, making an offense out of the mutilation of a chatanqua ticket, by changing the date on the ticket.

Representative Adam E. Wise of Plymouth, has introduced one measure, to reappropriate \$380.81 to improve grounds and erect fence at Menominee monument at Twin Lake, as related in the Republican, Thursday evening.

## SUPERINTENDENT NAMED

Rev. Richard Spetnagel to Guide Anti-Saloon League Affairs

In this District.

Rev. Richard Spetnagel, at present pastor of the Presbyterian church at Decatur, Ind., has been selected for the superintendency of the South Bend district of the Anti-Saloon League. Rev. Mr. Spetnagel tendered his resignation to his congregation last Sunday morning, it coming as a surprise to them. The resignation becomes effective Jan. 22, and it is presumed Rev. Mr. Spetnagel will assume his duties there at once.

The Decatur Democrat speaking of the new superintendent, says: "During his ministry here the church has prospered greatly, and he is highly esteemed."

## MUSICAL PLAY BY HIGH SCHOOL

STUDENTS WILL PRESENT COMEDY "THE CAPTAIN OF PLYMOUTH" TO BE GIVEN DURING MONTH OF FEBRUARY.

The students of the High School, are preparing "The Captain of Plymouth," a musical comedy, which will be given during the latter part of February. All of the parts have been assigned, the choruses are being drilled, and rapid progress is being made with the play. The production is of the order of musical comedy, with the Puritanic setting of Plymouth Mass., during the early life of the colonists. Miss McGuire, musical instructress of the public school is directing the play. The following parts have been assigned:

Priscilla—Miss Catherine Stevens  
Mercy—Marguerite Holzbauer.  
Katonka—Merle Bosworth.  
Miles Standish—Linelle Schrock.  
Erasmus—Knight Houghton.  
Brewster—Malon Shadley.  
John Allen—Arthur Tibbitts.

Other members of the High School will compose the choruses, and other groups, in the play. The High School orchestra will furnish music for accompaniment.

## Takes Ft. Wayne Position

George Soice left for Ft. Wayne Monday where he has accepted a position as chef in the Heidelberg hotel.